We claim:

1. A method for reducing the peak-to-average power ratio of a communication signal comprising the steps of:

- (a) sequencing a data signal according to a data vector to thereby create a sequenced data signal;
- (b) modulating a first plurality of carrier waves at a second plurality of frequencies with said sequenced data signal to thereby create a modulated signal;
 - (c) measuring the peak-to-average power ratio of the modulated signal;
 - (d) comparing said power ratio with a predetermined threshold;
- (e) if said power ratio exceeds said predetermined threshold, sequencing said data signal according to a data vector different from previous data vectors to thereby create a sequenced data signal different from previous sequenced data signals and repeating steps (b)-(e) until said power ratio does not exceed said predetermined threshold;
- (f) if said power ratio does not exceed said predetermined threshold, appending to the modulated signal a data map signal associated with the data vector for which said power ratio does not exceed said predetermined threshold to thereby create an appended signal;
 - (g) sampling said appended signal;
- (h) reducing amplitude of said samples which exceed a predetermined range to thereby create a reduced amplitude signal;
- (i) filtering said reduced amplitude signal to thereby create said communication signal with a reduced peak-to-average power ratio.
- 2. The method to Claim 1, further comprising the step of reducing amplitude of samples adjacent to the samples exceeding the threshold.

3. In a multi-carrier communication system, a method of transmitting data comprising the steps of:

- (a) sequencing the data according to one or more unique sequences;
- (b) modulating one or more of the unique sequences of data;
- (c) selecting one of the modulated sequences of data based on the PAPR of that sequence;
- (d) filtering said selected one to remove amplitude peaks outside a threshold band to thereby create a filtered signal; and,
 - (e) transmitting the filtered signal over the multi carrier communication system.
- 4. The method according to Claim 3, wherein the step of filtering includes the step of comparing samples of the selected one to a threshold and reducing the amplitude of samples exceeding the threshold.
- 5. The method according to claim 4, further comprising the step of reducing the amplitude of samples adjacent to the samples exceeding the threshold.
- 6. In a multi-carrier communication system with a linear amplifier, a method of preventing limiting of the amplifier comprising the steps of:
- (a) sequencing data to be transmitted based upon a resultant PAPR of the modulated sequence;
 - (b) modulating the sequenced data;
 - (c) sampling the modulated sequenced data;
- (d) reducing the amplitude of samples which are outside a predetermined threshold; and,

(e) transmitting the resultant signal with a reduced PAPR to thereby prevent limiting of the amplifier.

- 7. The method according to Claim 6, further comprising the step of reducing the amplitude of samples adjacent to the samples outside a predetermined threshold.
- 8. In a multi-carrier communication system for transmitting data, a method for forming a data signal that reduces the required power of a transmitter comprising the steps of:
 - (a) providing the data to be transmitted in one or more unique sequences;
- (b) modulating the one or more unique sequences thereby creating one or more unique modulated sequences;
- (c) selecting for transmission one of the one or more unique modulated sequences based on the PAPR of the unique modulated sequences; and,
- (d) reducing amplitudes of the selected one which are outside a predetermined range to thereby form a data signal that reduces power required to transmit the signal.
- 9. The method according to Claim 8, wherein the step of reducing amplitudes includes the step of comparing samples of the selected one to a threshold and reducing the amplitude of samples exceeding the threshold.
- 10. The method according to claim 9, further comprising the step of reducing the amplitude of samples adjacent to the samples exceeding the threshold.
- 11. In a multi-carrier communication system, a transmitter for transmitting data with multiple carriers comprising:
 - a modulator for modulating multi-carrier symbols with the data; a processor for measuring the PAPR of the modulated data;

a logic device for comparing the PAPR with a predetermined threshold;

a processor for re-sequencing the data; and,

an amplitude filter for reducing peaks of the modulated data signal that are outside a predetermined range.

- 12. The system of Claim 11, wherein the amplitude filter is a FIR filter.
- 13. The system of Claim 11, wherein the amplitude filter is an IIR filter.